

Forward-Looking Statements

Note: All statements in this presentation that are not historical facts should be considered as "Forward-Looking Statements" within the meaning of the "Safe Harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include but are not limited to statements related to the Company's guidance for fiscal 2022 and the Company's targets, goals and expectations with respect to its financial results for future financial periods such as its statements related to its guidance and key metric targets for total consolidated revenue, adjusted homebuilding gross margin, total SG&A as a percentage of total revenues, adjusted EBITDA, interest expense, adjusted income before taxes, total debt (including non recourse debt), adjusted EBITDA/interest incurred, equity, debt to capitalization, inventory (excluding inventory not owned) and inventory turnover (excluding inventory not owned and capitalized interest. Although we believe that our quidance for fiscal 2022 and the Company's targets, plans, intentions and expectations reflected in, or suggested by, such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such guidance for fiscal 2022 and the Company's targets, plans, intentions or expectations will be achieved. By their nature, forward-looking statements: (i) speak only as of the date they are made, (ii) are not guarantees of future performance or results and (iii) are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict or quantify. Therefore, actual results could differ materially and adversely from those forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors include, but are not limited to, (1) changes in general and local economic, industry and business conditions and impacts of a significant homebuilding downturn; (2) shortages in, and price fluctuations of, raw materials and labor, including due to geopolitical events, changes in trade policies, including the imposition of tariffs and duties on homebuilding materials and products and related trade disputes with and retaliatory measures taken by other countries; (3) the outbreak and spread of COVID-19 and the measures that governments, agencies, law enforcement and/or health authorities implement to address it, as well as continuing macroeconomic effects from the pandemic; (4) adverse weather and other environmental conditions and natural disasters; (5) the seasonality of the Company's business; (6) the availability and cost of suitable land and improved lots and sufficient liquidity to invest in such land and lots; (7) reliance on, and the performance of, subcontractors; (8) regional and local economic factors, including dependency on certain sectors of the economy, and employment levels affecting home prices and sales activity in the markets where the Company builds homes; (9) increases in cancellations of agreements of sale; (10) fluctuations in interest rates and the availability of mortgage financing; (11) changes in tax laws affecting the after-tax costs of owning a home; (12) legal claims brought against us and not resolved in our favor, such as product liability litigation, warranty claims and claims made by mortgage investors; (13) levels of competition; (14) utility shortages and outages or rate fluctuations; (15) information technology failures and data security breaches; (16) negative publicity; (17) high leverage and restrictions on the Company's operations and activities imposed by the agreements governing the Company's outstanding indebtedness; (18) availability and terms of financing to the Company; (19) the Company's sources of liquidity; (20) changes in credit ratings; (21) government regulation, including regulations concerning development of land, the home building, sales and customer financing processes, tax laws and the environment; (22) operations through unconsolidated joint ventures with third parties; (23) significant influence of the Company's controlling stockholders; (24) availability of net operating loss carryforwards; (25) loss of key management personnel or failure to attract qualified personnel; (26) increases in inflation; and (27) certain risks, uncertainties and other factors described in detail in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 and the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-O for the quarterly periods during fiscal 2022 and subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Except as otherwise required by applicable securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or any other reason.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES:

Consolidated earnings before interest expense and income taxes ("EBIT") and before depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") and before inventory impairment loss and land option write-offs and loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt ("Adjusted EBITDA") are not U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) financial measures. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is net income. The reconciliation for historical periods of EBIT, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA to net income is presented in a table attached to this presentation.

Homebuilding gross margin, before cost of sales interest expense and land charges, and homebuilding gross margin percentage, before cost of sales interest expense and land charges, are non-GAAP financial measures. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are homebuilding gross margin and homebuilding gross margin percentage, respectively. The reconciliation for historical periods of homebuilding gross margin, before cost of sales interest expense and land charges, and homebuilding gross margin percentage, before cost of sales interest expense and land charges, to homebuilding gross margin and homebuilding gross margin percentage, respectively, is presented in a table attached to this presentations.

Adjusted pretax income, which is defined as income before income taxes excluding land-related charges and loss on extinguishment of debt is a non-GAAP financial measure. This presentation also presents income before income taxes adjusted to exclude the impact of incremental phantom stock expense. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is income before income taxes. The reconciliation for historical periods of adjusted pretax income to income before income taxes is presented in a table attached to this presentation.

Total liquidity is comprised of \$149.4 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$7.8 million of restricted cash required to collateralize letters of credit and \$125.0 million availability under the senior secured revolving credit facility as of April 30, 2022.



Guidance Compared with Actuals for Second Quarter 2022



(\$ in millions)	Guidance Q2 2022	Actuals Q2 2022	Q2 2022 Actuals Excluding Incremental Phantom Benefit(1)
Total Revenues	\$700 - \$750	\$703	\$703
Adjusted Homebuilding Gross Margin ⁽²⁾	23.0% - 25.0%	26.6%	26.6%
Total SG&A as Percentage of Total Revenues ⁽³⁾	9.5% - 10.5%	9.7%	10.6%
Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes ⁽⁴⁾	\$60 - \$75	\$88	\$82

(4) Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes excludes land-related charges. See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

⁽¹⁾ SG&A expenses in the second quarter of fiscal 2022 included \$6.0 million of incremental benefit due to the phantom stock awards, which is solely related to our common stock price decreasing from \$96.88 at the end of the first quarter to \$46.02 at the end of the second quarter.

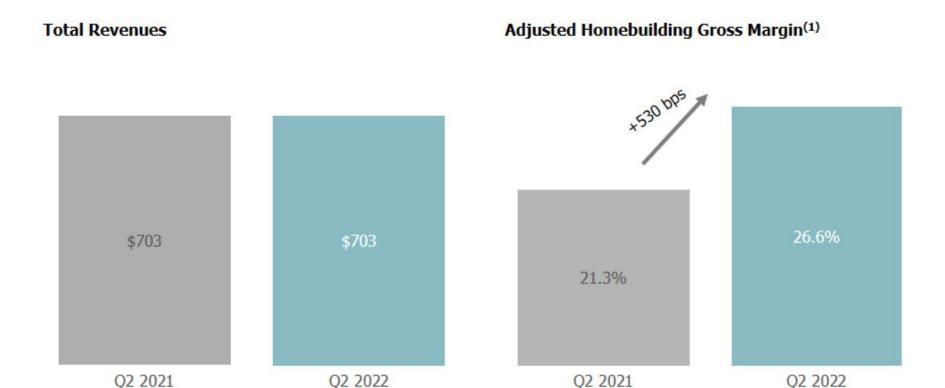
⁽²⁾ Adjusted homebuilding gross margin percentage is before cost of sales interest expense and land charges. See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

⁽³⁾ Total SG&A includes homebuilding selling, general and administrative costs and corporate general and administrative costs. Ratio calculated as a percentage of total revenues.

Second Quarter Operating Results



(\$ in millions, unless specified otherwise)



(1) Adjusted homebuilding gross margin percentage is before cost of sales interest expense and land charges. See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure,

Lumber prices have declined again





Source: Yahoo! finance as of 05/30/2022.

Lumber prices have declined again



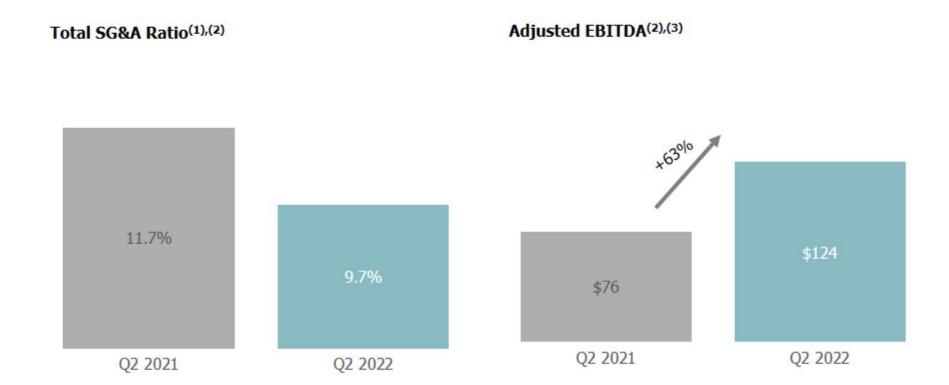


Source: Yahoo! finance as of 05/30/2022.

Second Quarter Operating Results - continued



(\$ in millions, unless specified otherwise)



⁽¹⁾ Total SG&A includes homebuilding selling, general and administrative costs and corporate general and administrative costs. Ratio calculated as a percentage of total revenues.
(2) SG&A expense in the second quarter of 2022 included \$6.0 million of incremental benefit due to the phantom stock awards, which is solely related to our common stock price decreasing from \$96.88 at the end of the first quarter to \$46.02 at the end of the second quarter.

⁽³⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is net income. Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation, amortization and land-related charges.

Total Interest Expense as a % of Total Revenues $H_{Enterprises Inc}^{ovnanian}$

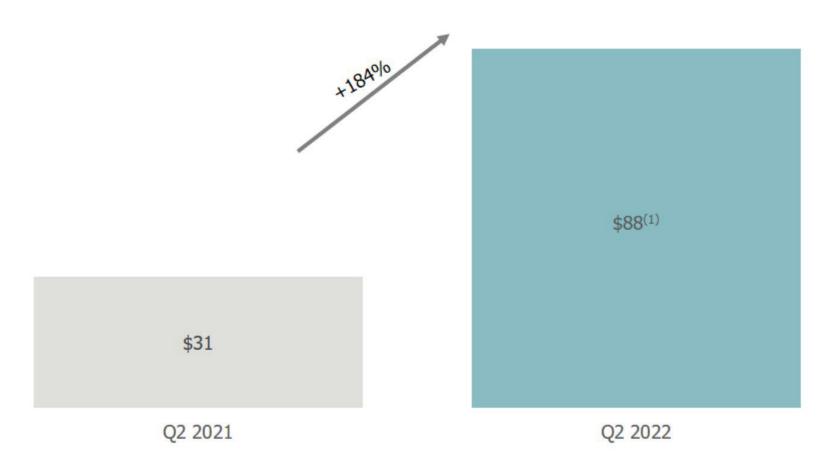




Adjusted Pretax Income



(\$ in millions)

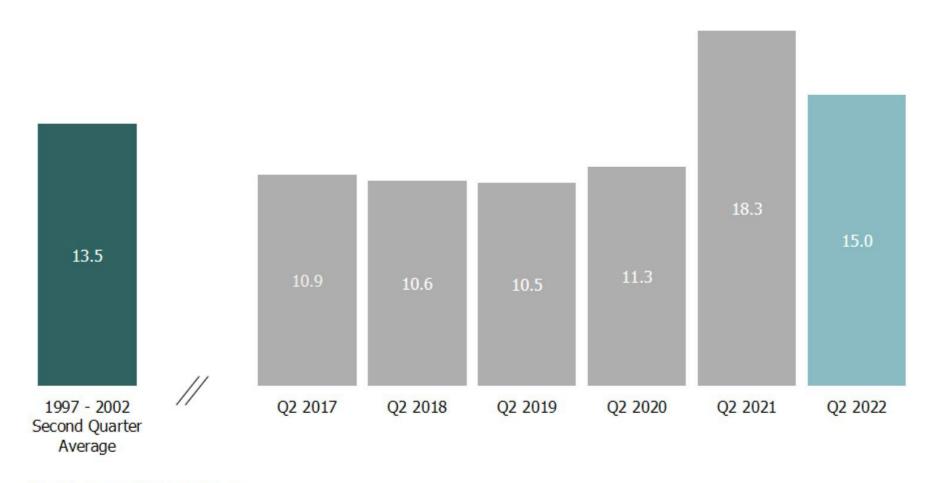


⁽¹⁾ SG&A expenses in the second quarter of fiscal 2022 included \$6.0 million of incremental benefit due to the phantom stock awards, which is solely related to our common stock price decreasing from \$96.88 at the end of the first quarter to \$46.02 at the end of the second quarter.

Note: Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes excludes land-related charges and loss on extinguishment of debt. See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Quarterly Contracts Per Community

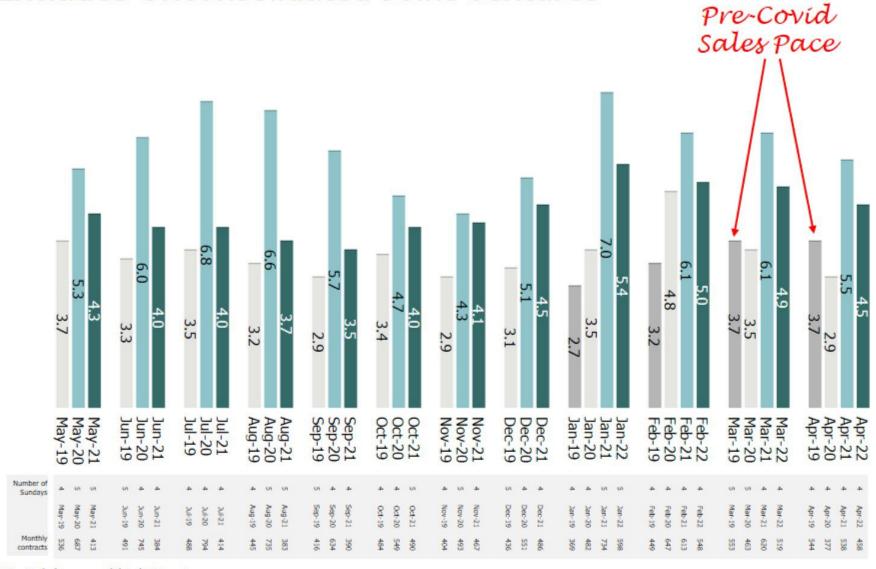




Note: Excludes unconsolidated joint ventures.

Number of Monthly Contracts Per Community, Excludes Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

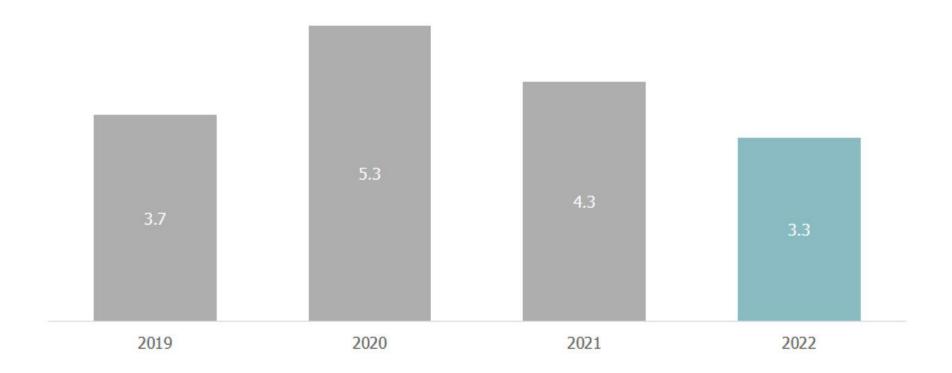




Note: Excludes unconsolidated joint ventures.

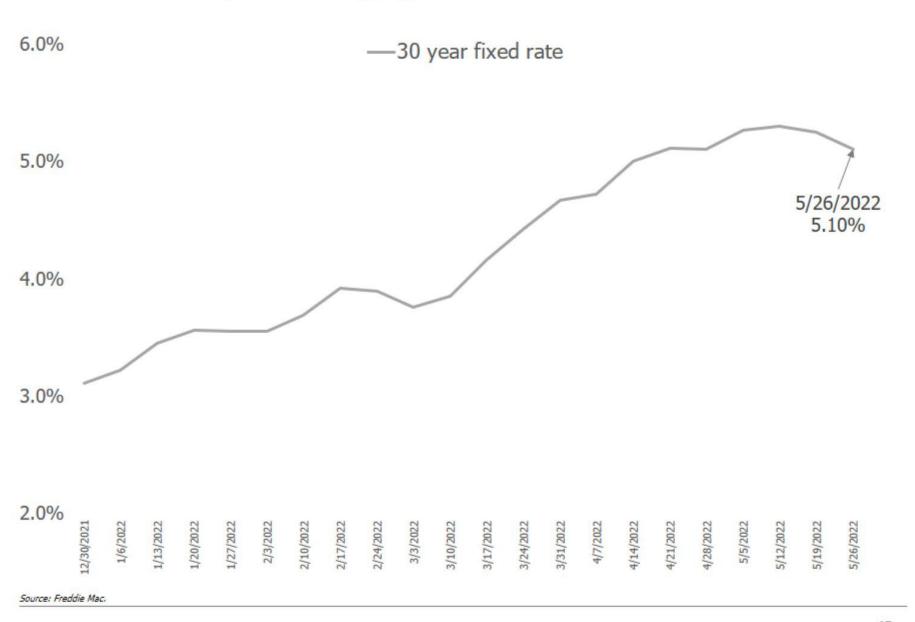
May Contracts Per Community





Recent Runup in Mortgage Rates

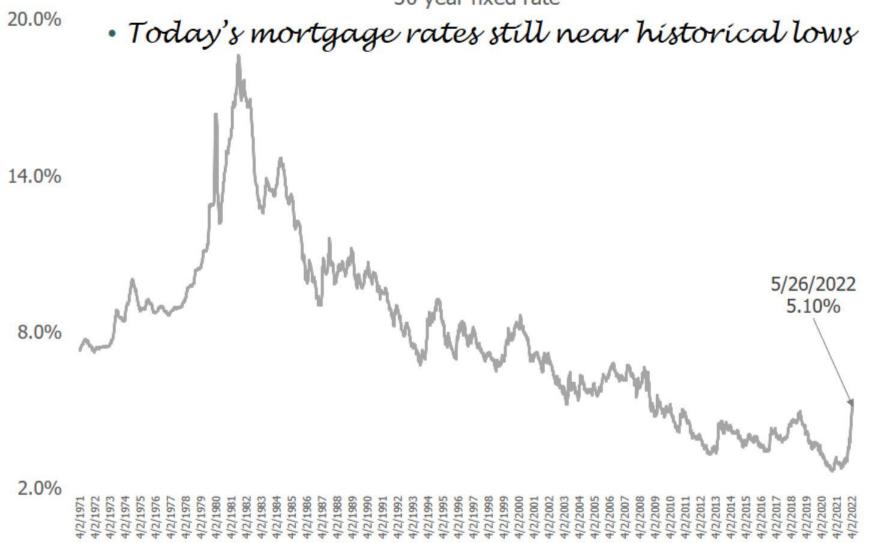




Mortgage Rates – Long Term Perspective



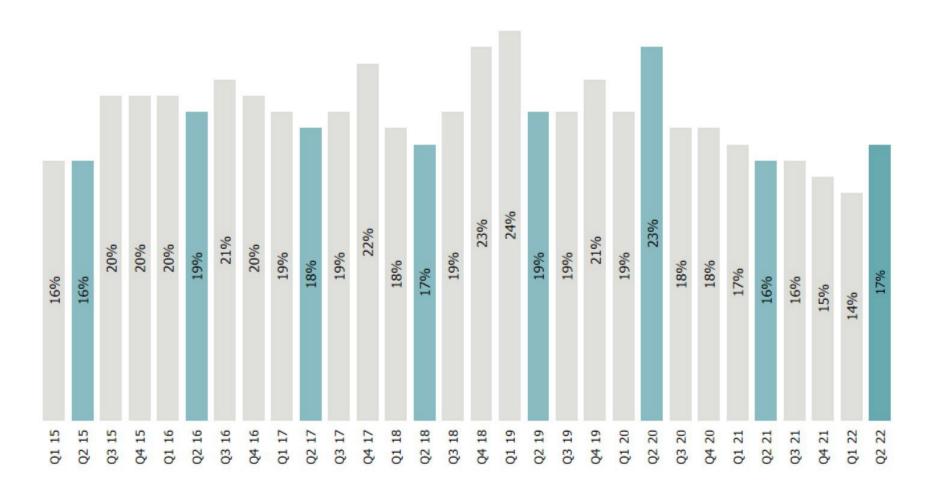
-30 year fixed rate



Cancellation Rates

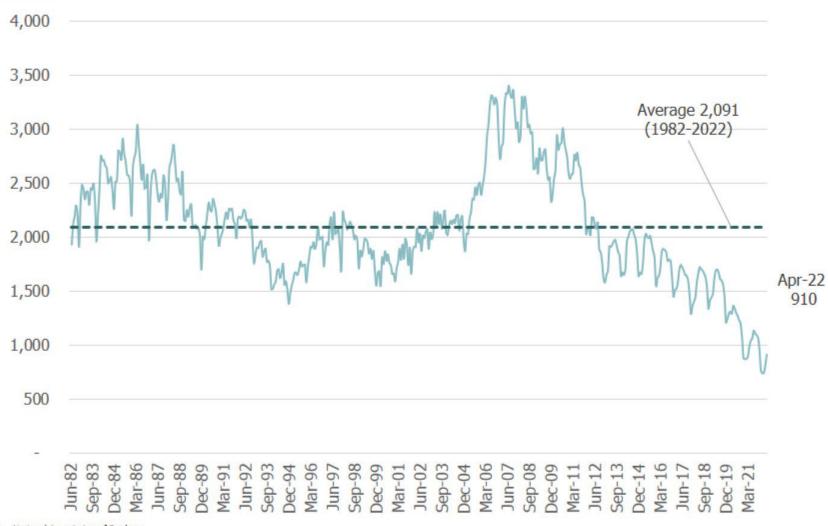


Normal long term cancellation rate is between 18% and 22%



Historically Low Supply of Existing Homes for Sale Homes for Sale Homes Inc.

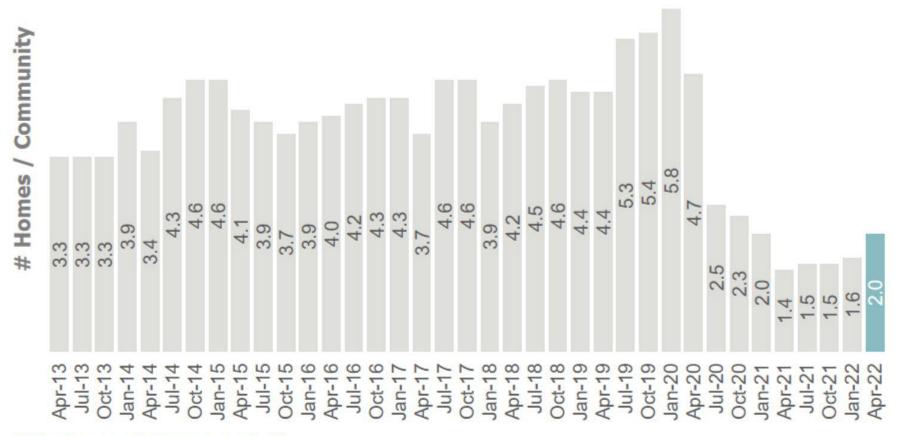




Spec Homes per Community



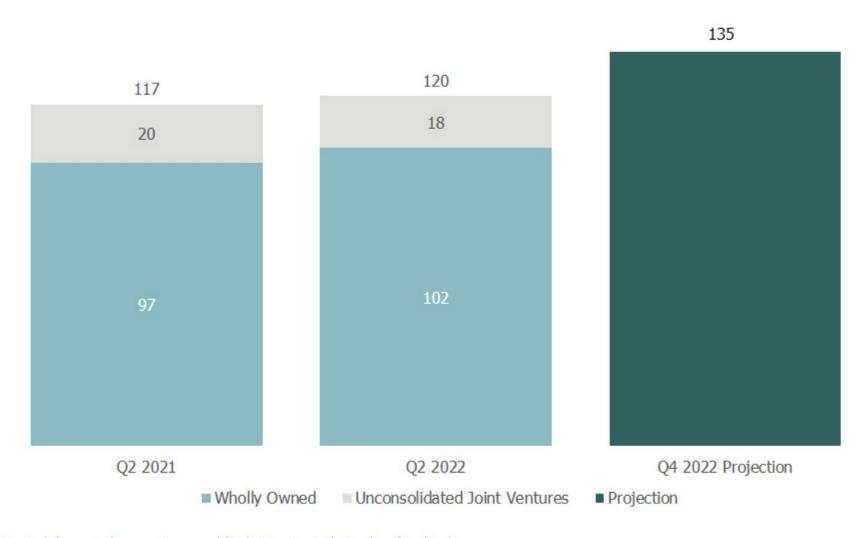
- 205 started unsold homes at 04/30/22, excluding models
- 4.4 average spec homes per community since 1997
- Virtually no finished specs today



Note: Excluding unconsolidated joint ventures and models.

Community Count

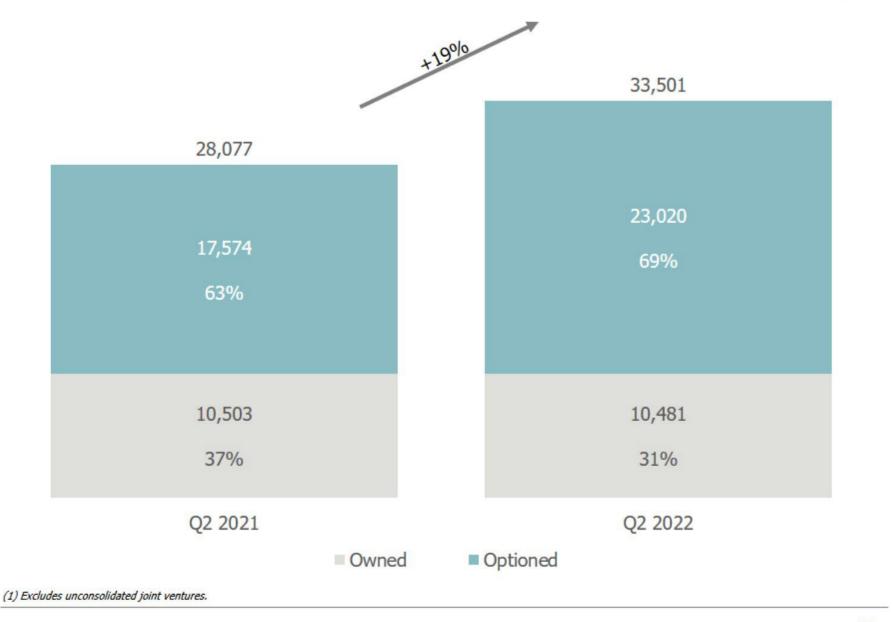




Note: Excludes our single community unconsolidated joint venture in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

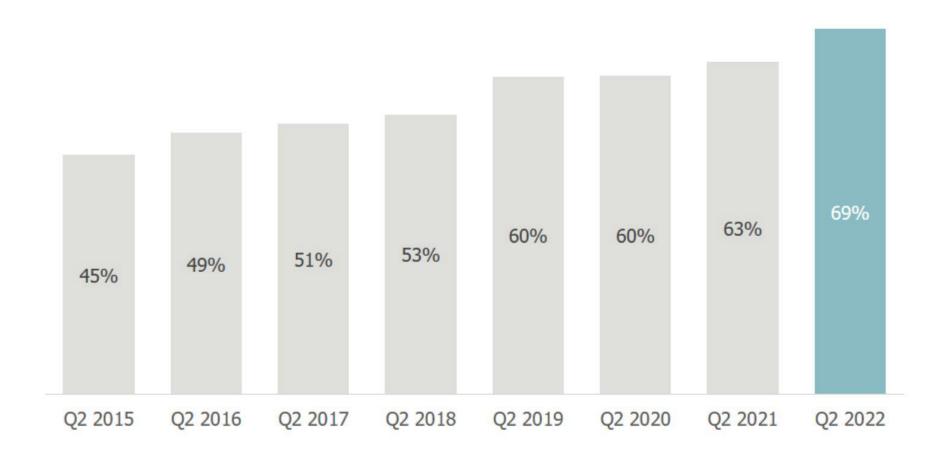
Lots Controlled(1)





Percentage of Optioned Lots



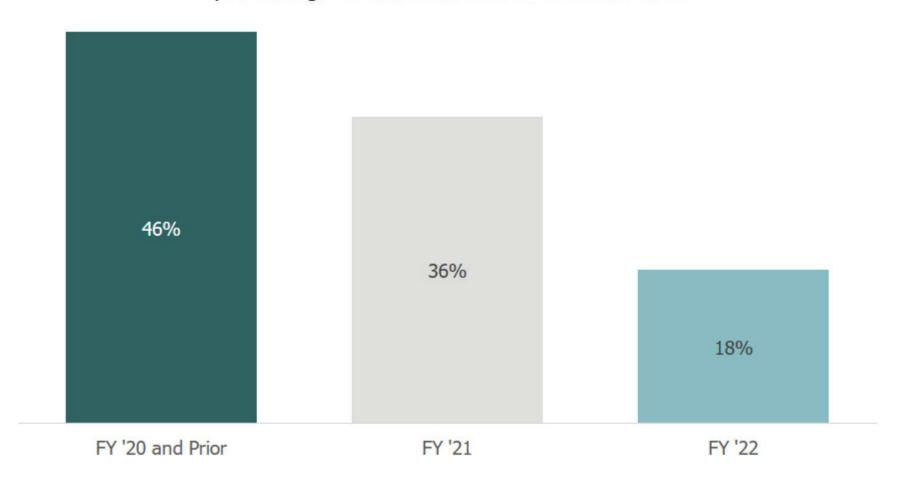


Vintage of 33,501 Lot Position



As of April 30, 2022

percentage of when the lots were controlled



Liquidity Position and Target

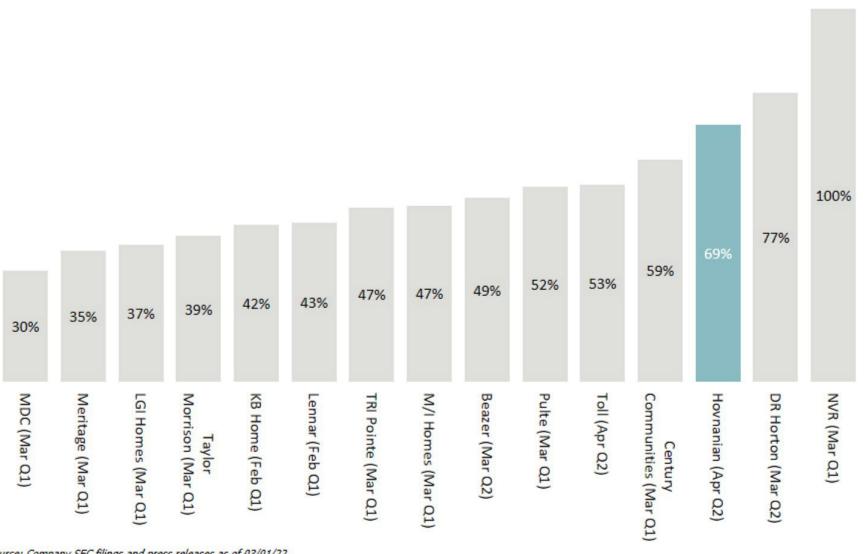




Note: Liquidity position includes homebuilding cash and cash equivalents (which includes unrestricted cash and restricted cash required to collateralize letters of credit) and revolving credit facility availability.

% of Lots Optioned

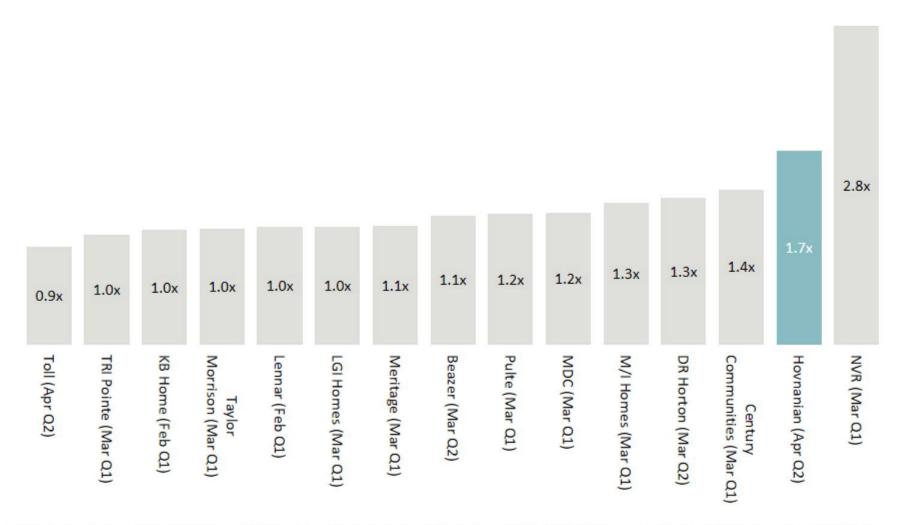




Source: Company SEC filings and press releases as of 03/01/22, Note: Excludes unconsolidated joint ventures,

Inventory Turns (COGS), Last Twelve Months





Note: Inventory turns are derived by dividing cost of sales, excluding capitalized interest, by the five quarter average homebuilding inventory less capitalized interest and less liabilities from inventory not owned.

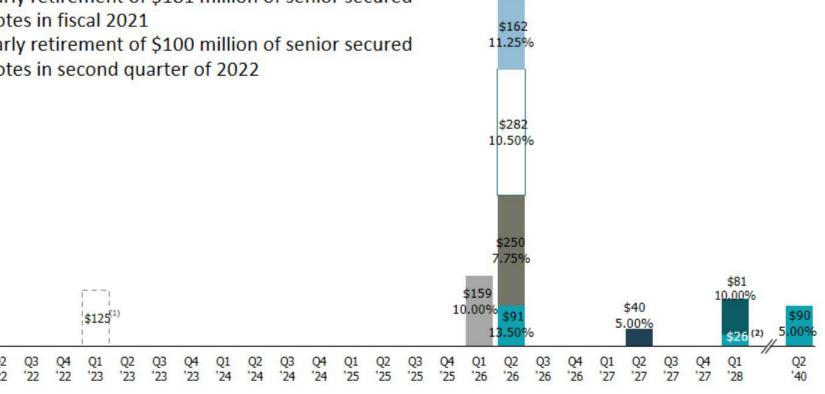
Source: Company SEC filings and press releases as of 03/01/22.

Debt Maturity Profile



As of April 30, 2022

- Early retirement of \$181 million of senior secured notes in fiscal 2021
- Early retirement of \$100 million of senior secured notes in second quarter of 2022



■ 2nd Lien Notes ■ Unsecured ■ Unsecured Term Loan □ Revolver ■ 1,125 Lien Notes □ 1,25 Lien Notes ■ 1,50 Lien Notes ■ 1,75 Lien Notes ■ 1,75 Lien Term Loan

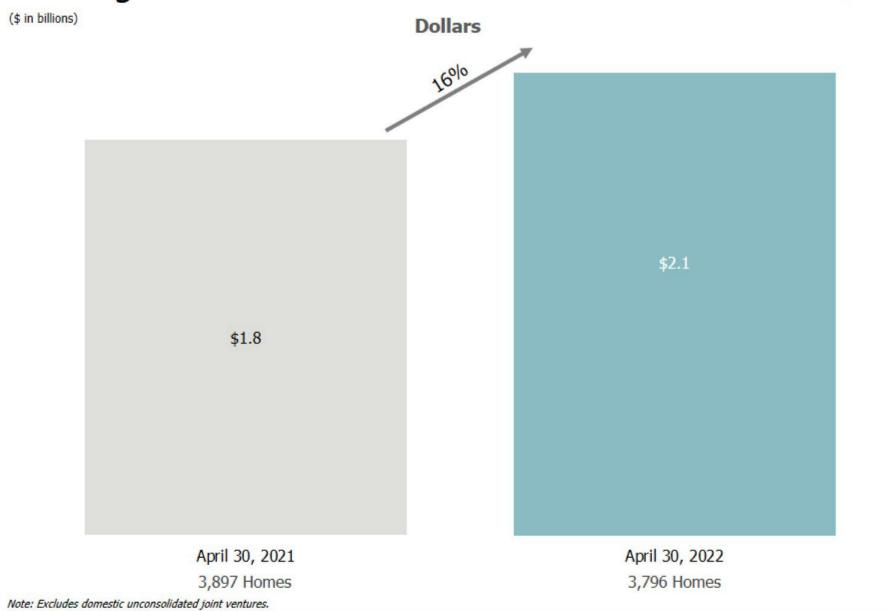
Note: Shown on a fiscal year basis, at face value. \$ in millions. Excludes non-recourse mortgages,

\$0 balance as of April 30, 2022.

^{\$26} million of 8.0% senior notes held by wholly owned subsidiary, no cash required to retire.

Backlog





Guidance for Third Quarter 2022



(\$ in millions)

	Q3 2021 Actuals Excluding Incremental Phantom Benefit(4)	<u>Guidance</u> <u>Q3 2022⁽¹⁾</u>
Total Revenues	\$691	\$780 - \$830
Adjusted Homebuilding Gross Margin ⁽²⁾	22.1%	24.0% - 26.0%
Total SG&A as Percentage of Total Revenues(3), (4)	9.7%	9.5% - 10.5%
Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes ⁽⁵⁾	\$57	\$70 - \$85

⁽¹⁾ The Company cannot provide a reconciliation between its non-GAAP projections and the most directly comparable GAAP measures without unreasonable efforts because it is unable to predict with reasonable certainty the ultimate outcome of certain significant items required for the reconciliation. These items include, but are not limited to, land-related charges, and loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt, These items are uncertain, depend on various factors and could have a material impact on GAAP reported results.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted homebuilding gross margin percentage is before cost of sales interest expense and land charges. See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.
(3) Total SG&A includes homebuilding selling, general and administrative costs and corporate general and administrative costs. Ratio calculated as a percentage of total revenues. The SG&A guidance assumes that

the stock remains at \$46.02.

⁽⁴⁾ SG&A expenses in the third quarter of fiscal 2021 included \$6,7 million of incremental benefit due to the phantom stock awards, which is solely related to our common stock price decreasing from \$132.59 at the end of the second quarter to \$104.39 at the end of the third quarter."

⁽⁵⁾ Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes excludes land-related charges and loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt. See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Reiterate Guidance for Fiscal 2022



(\$ in millions)

	Actuals FY 2021	Guidance FY 2022 ⁽¹⁾
Total Revenues	\$2,783	\$2,800 - \$3,000
Adjusted Homebuilding Gross Margin ⁽²⁾	21.8%	23.5% - 25.5%
Total SG&A as Percentage of Total Revenues ⁽³⁾	9.9%	9.3% - 10.3%
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽⁴⁾	\$364	\$410 - \$460
Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes ⁽⁵⁾	\$197	\$260 - \$310
Diluted EPS (excluding valuation allowance reduction)	\$21.77	\$26.50 - \$32.00

⁽¹⁾ The Company cannot provide a reconciliation between its non-GAAP projections and the most directly comparable GAAP measures without unreasonable efforts because it is unable to predict with reasonable certainty the ultimate outcome of certain significant items required for the reconciliation. These items include, but are not limited to, land-related charges, inventory impairment loss and land option write-offs and loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt. These items are uncertain, depend on various factors and could have a material impact on GAAP reported results.

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(3) Total SG&A includes homebuilding selling, general and administrative costs and corporate general and administrative costs. Ratio calculated as a percentage of total revenues. The SG&A guidance assumes that the stock remains at \$46.02

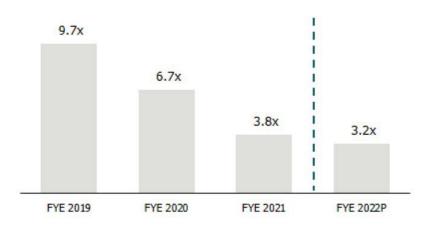
⁽⁴⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is net income. Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation, amortization, land-related charges and loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt.

⁽⁵⁾ Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes excludes land-related charges, joint venture write-downs and loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt, See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

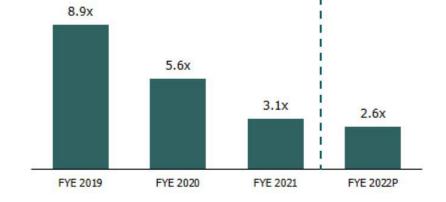
Credit Metrics



Total debt (incl. mortgages) / Adj. EBITDA



Net Debt (incl. mortgages)/ Adjusted EBITDA



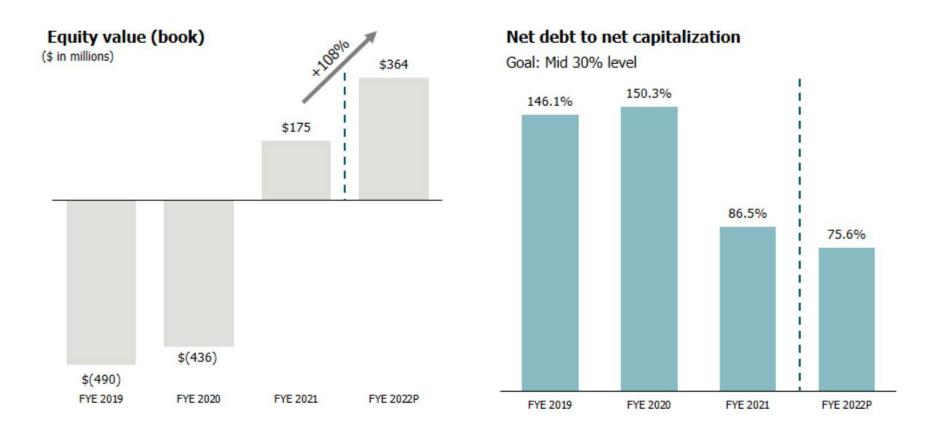
Adj. EBITDA / Interest Incurred



- Note: For purposes of the FYE 2022 projection calculations on this slide: used the midpoint of adjusted EBITDA guidance for full year fiscal 2022,
- used FYE 2021 actual interest incurred, and
- non-recourse mortgage balance and cash are assumed to be equal to October 31, 2021 actuals.

Balance Sheet Metrics





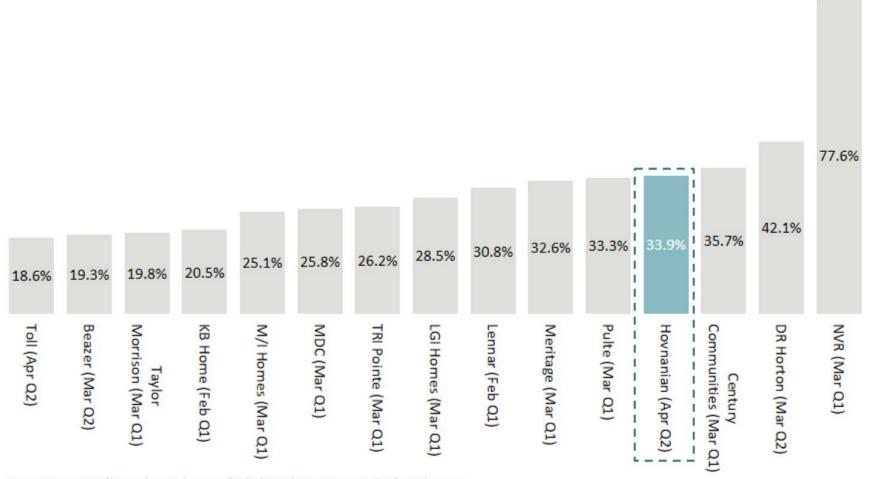
Note: For purposes of the FYE 2022 projection calculations on this slide:

midpoint of adjusted income before income taxes guidance for full year 2022 and 30% effective tax rate, less preferred dividend, to get incremental increase to equity value for

cash and debt balances are assumed to be equal to October 31, 2021 actuals.

Consolidated EBIT ROI, Last Twelve Months

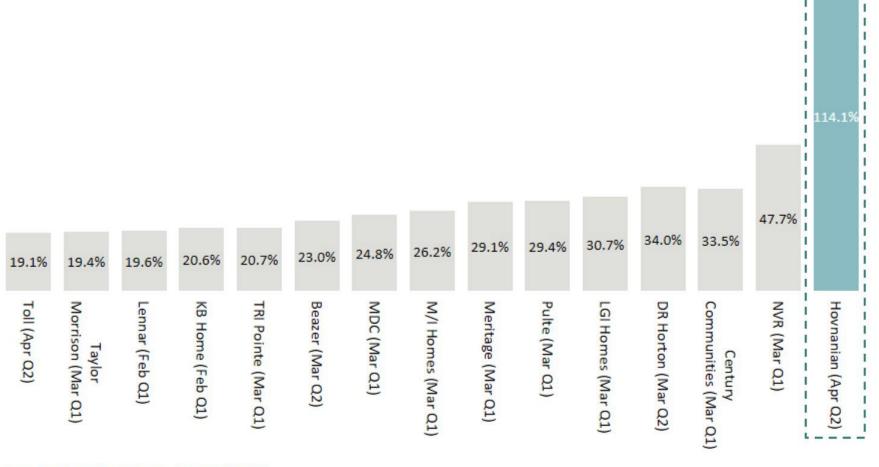




Source: Company SEC filings and press releases as of 05/17/22, Preliminary Hovnanian data for April quarter,
(1) Defined as LTM Total Company EBIT before land-related charges and gain(loss) on extinguishment of debt divided by five quarter average inventory, excluding capitalized interest and liabilities from inventory not owned.

ROE⁽¹⁾, Last Twelve Months

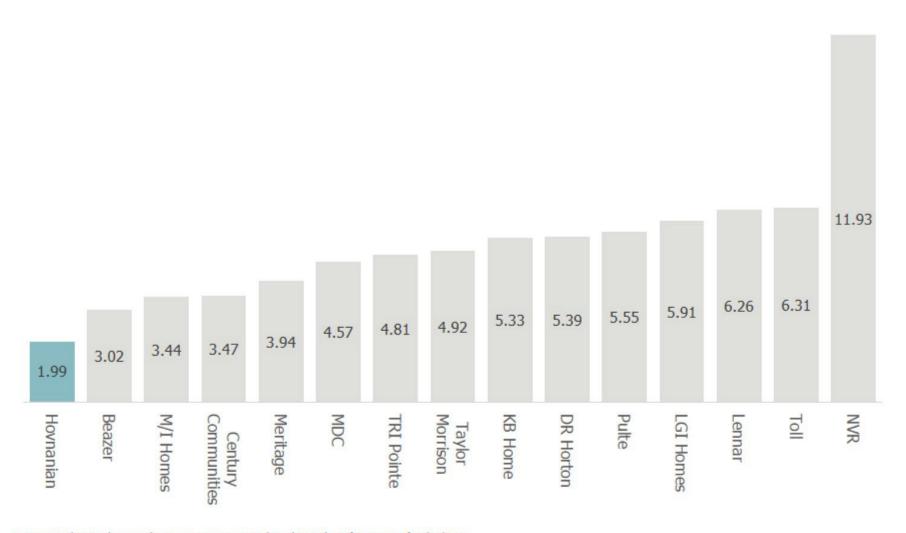




Source: Company SEC filings and press releases as of 05/17/22.
(1) Defined as LTM net income divided by five quarter average equity.

Price to Earnings Ratio

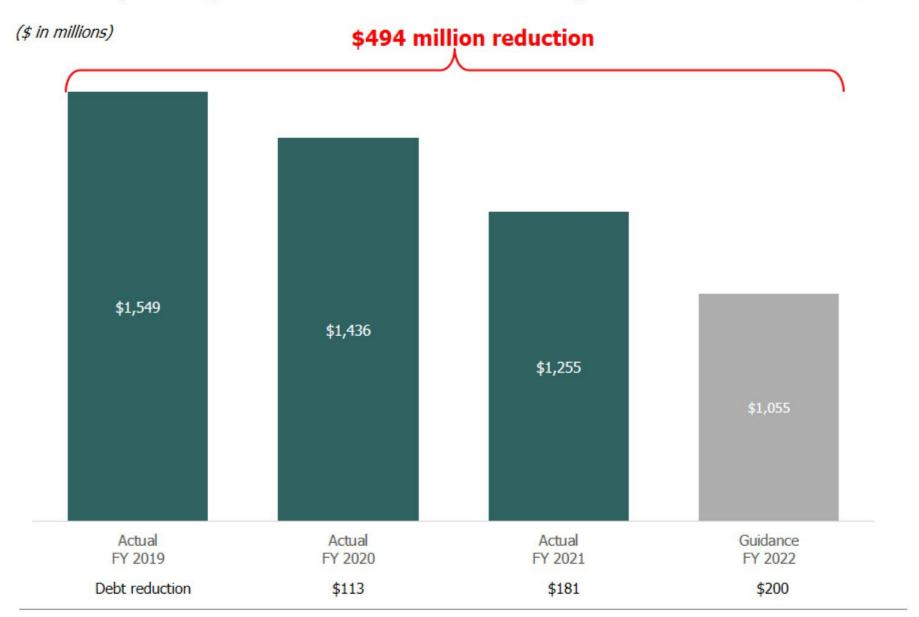




Source: Trailing twelve-month price to earnings ratio based on Yahoo! finance as of 05/31/2022, Note: Hovnanian price to earnings ratio calculated on trailing twelve months as of 04/30/22,

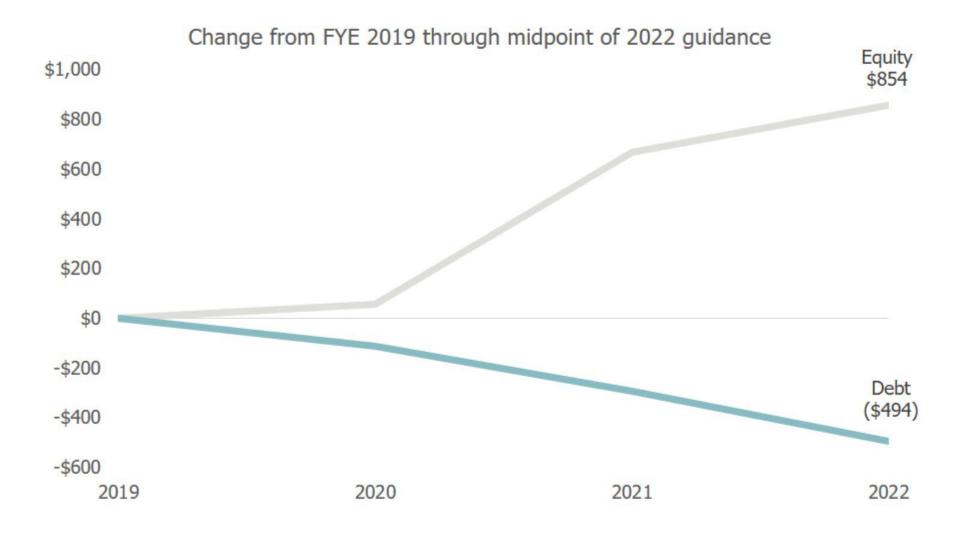
Debt (Principal Value of Public Debt)





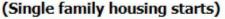
Significant Improvements

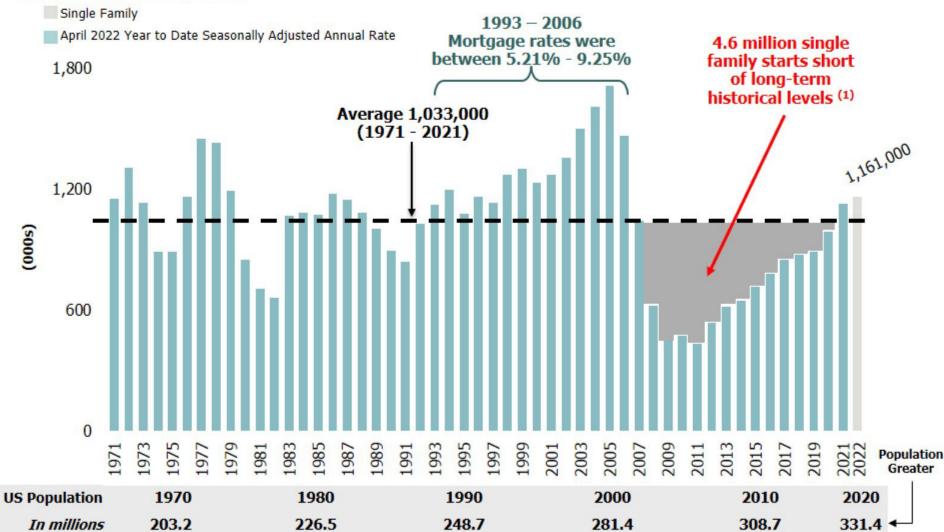




Recent shortfall in U.S. housing production







Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

(1) Wall Street Journal article from June 16, 2021 referencing a new National Association of Realtors report, mentions 5.5 million total starts short of long-term historical levels.



Multi-Year Key Metric Targets



Key metrics — Actuals and Targets

(\$ in millione)

(\$ in millions)	Actuals FY 2020	Actuals FY 2021	Midpoint of Guidance FY 2022 ⁽¹⁾	Multi-Year Key Metric Targets
Total consolidated revenue	\$2,344	\$2,783	\$2,900	\$3,950
Adjusted homebuilding gross margin (2)	18.4%	21.8%	24.5%	20.5%
Total SG&A as a % of total revenues (3)	10.3%	9.9%	9.8%	9.0%
Adjusted EBITDA (4)	\$234	\$364	\$435	\$454
Interest expense	\$178	\$162	\$150	\$82
Adjusted income before taxes (5)	\$51	\$197	\$285	\$372
Total debt (inc. nonrecourse debt)	\$1,566	\$1,373	\$1,173	\$650
Adjusted EBITDA/interest incurred	1.3x	2.3x	na	5.5x
Equity (deficit)	(\$437)	\$175	\$364	\$838
Debt to capitalization (6)	138.7%	88.7%	76.3%	43.7%
Inventory (ex. inventory not owned)	\$1,014	\$1,156	na	\$1,500
Inventory turnover (ex. Inventory not owned and capitalized interest) (7)	1.8x	1.9x	na	2.1x

⁽¹⁾ The Company cannot provide a reconciliation between its non-GAAP projections and the most directly comparable GAAP measures without unreasonable efforts because it is unable to predict with reasonable certainty the ultimate outcome of certain significant items required for the reconciliation. These items include, but are not limited to, land-related charges, inventory impairment loss and land option write-offs and loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt. These items are uncertain, depend on various factors and could have a material impact on GAAP reported results,

⁽²⁾ Adjusted homebuilding gross margin percentage is before cost of sales interest expense and land charges. See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.
(3) Total SG&A includes homebuilding selling, general and administrative costs and corporate general and administrative costs. Ratio calculated as a percentage of total revenues. The SG&A guidance assumes that the Company's stock price remains at \$96.88.

⁽⁴⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is net income (loss). Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation, amortization, land-related charges and loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt. See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

⁽⁵⁾ Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes excludes land-related charges, joint venture write-downs and loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt. See appendix for a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

⁽⁶⁾ Debt to capitalization is a non-GAAP financial measure, The calculation of Debt to Capitalization is included in the appendix of this presentation.

⁽⁷⁾ The calculation of inventory turnover is included in the appendix to this presentation.

Increase in Newly Controlled Lots



	Q2 2022 ⁽¹⁾
Newly Controlled Lots	2,526
Deliveries & Lot Sales	1,353
# of Newly Controlled Lots in Excess of Deliveries	1,173
Newly Controlled Lots as a Percentage of Deliveries & Lot Sales	187%

⁽¹⁾ Excludes unconsolidated joint ventures.
(2) Includes newly optioned lots net of 420 walk aways, as well as lots purchased that were not previously optioned.

Phantom Stock Expense



Total SG&A Expense

(\$ in millions)



- In 2019, we granted phantom stock awards in lieu of actual equity under our long-term incentive plan ("LTIP")
- . This was done in the best interest of shareholders to avoid dilution concerns associated with our low stock price of \$14.50 at the time of grant
- Expense related to the phantom stock varies depending upon our common stock price at quarter end, is a non-cash expense through fiscal 2021, and is reflected in our total SG&A expenses
- SG&A expenses in the second quarter of fiscal 2021 included \$17.5 million of incremental expense due to the phantom stock awards, which is solely related to our common stock price increasing from \$51.16 at the end of the first quarter to \$132.59 at the end of the second quarter
- SGBA expenses in the third quarter of fiscal 2021 included \$6.7 million of incremental benefit due to the phantom stock awards, which is solely related to our common stock price decreasing from \$132.59 at the end of the second quarter to \$104.39 at the end of the third quarter.
- SG&A expenses in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2021 included \$5.3 million of incremental benefit due to the phantom stock awards, which is solely related to our common stock price decreasing from \$104.39 at the end of the third quarter to \$84.26 at the end of the fourth quarter.
- SG&A expenses in the first quarter of fiscal 2022 included \$5.7 million of incremental expense due to the phantom stock awards, which is solely related to our common stock price increasing from \$84.26 at the end of the fourth quarter to \$96.88 at the end of the first quarter.
- SG8A expenses in the second quarter of fiscal 2022 included \$6.0 million of incremental benefit due to the phantom stock awards, which is solely related to our common stock price decreasing from \$96.88 at the end of the first quarter to \$46.02 at the end of the second quarter.

Land Positions by Geographic Segment



April 30, 2022

Owned

Segment	Excluding Mothballed Lots	Mothballed Lots	Optioned Lots	Total Lots
Northeast	570	0	3,427	3,997
Mid-Atlantic	1,745	247	6,832	8,824
Midwest	600	6	1,802	2,408
Southeast	1,482	0	2,545	4,027
Southwest	3,349	0	6,664	10,013
West	2,028	454	1,750	4,232

Consolidated Total	9,774	707	23,020	33,501
Unconsolidated Joint Ventures	1,196	-	229	1,425
Grand Total	10,970	707	23,249	34,926

- Option deposits as of April 30, 2022 were \$152 million
- \$17 million invested in pre-development expenses as of April 30, 2022

Note: Option deposits and pre-development expenses refers to consolidated optioned lots.

Note: Excludes our single community unconsolidated joint venture in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Reconciliation of Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Land-Related Charges and Loss on Extinguishment of Debt to Income Before Income Taxes



Hovnanian Enterprises, Inc.

April 30, 2022

Reconciliation of income before income taxes excluding land-related charges and loss on extinguishment of debt to income before income taxes (In thousands)

	Three Mont		Six Months April 3	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	(Unaud	ited)	(Unaud	ited)
Income before income taxes	\$80,945	\$31,032	\$116,346	\$50,617
Inventory impairment loss and land option write-offs	565	81	664	1,958
Loss on extinguishment of debt	6,795	-	6,795	-
Income before income taxes excluding land-related charges and loss on extinguishment of debt (1)	\$88,305	\$31,113	\$123,805	\$52,575

⁽¹⁾ Income before income taxes excluding land-related charges and loss on extinguishment of debt is a non-GAAP financial measure. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is income before income taxes.

Reconciliation of Gross Margin



Hovnanian	Enterprises, Inc.
April 30, 20)22

Gross margin (In thousands)

	Homebuilding Gross Margin		Homebuilding Gross Margin	
	Three Months Ended April 30,		Six Months	Ended
			April 3	30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	(Unaudit	ted)	(Unaudi	ted)
Sale of homes	\$685,823	\$679,515	\$1,237,189	\$1,230,880
Cost of sales, excluding interest expense and land charges (1)	503,466	535,017	931,339	972,389
Homebuilding gross margin, before cost of sales interest expense and land charges (2)	182,357	144,498	305,850	258,491
Cost of sales interest expense, excluding land sales interest expense	21,678	21,704	35,402	38,421
Homebuilding gross margin, after cost of sales interest expense, before land charges (2)	160,679	122,794	270,448	220,070
Land charges	565	81	664	1,958
Homebuilding gross margin	\$160,114	\$122,713	\$269,784	\$218,112
Homebuilding Gross margin percentage	23.3%	18.1%	21.8%	17.7%
Homebuilding Gross margin percentage, before cost of sales interest expense and land charges (2)	26.6%	21.3%	24.7%	21.0%
Homebuilding Gross margin percentage, after cost of sales interest expense, before land charges (2)	23.4%	18.1%	21.9%	17.9%
	Land Sales Gro	ss Margin	Land Sales Gro	oss Margin
	Three Month	s Ended	Six Months Ended	
	April 3	0,	April 3	30,
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	(Unaudit	ted)	(Unaudi	ited)
Land and lot sales	\$365	\$1,549	\$399	\$4,911
Land and lot sales cost of sales, excluding interest and land charges (1)	216	1,517	260	3,783
Land and lot sales gross margin, excluding interest and land charges	149	32	139	1,128
Land and lot sales interest		21	21	469
Land and lot sales gross margin, including interest and excluding land charges	\$149	\$11	\$118	\$659

⁽¹⁾ Does not include cost associated with walking away from land options or inventory impairment losses which are recorded as Inventory impairment loss and land option write-offs in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

⁽²⁾ Homebuilding gross margin, before cost of sales interest expense and land charges, and homebuilding gross margin percentage, before cost of sales interest expense and land charges, are non-GAAP financial measures. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are homebuilding gross margin and homebuilding gross margin percentage, respectively.

Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income



Hovnanian Enterprises, Inc.

April 30, 2022

Reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss)

(In thousands)

i i	Three Months Ended April 30,		Six Months April 3	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	(Unaudi		(Unaudi	
Net income	\$62,435	\$488,676	\$87,243	\$507,635
Income tax provision (benefit)	18,510	(457,644)	29,103	(457,018)
Interest expense	34,103	43,758	61,241	84,898
EBIT (1)	115,048	74,790	177,587	135,515
Depreciation and amortization	1,314	1,484	2,489	2,822
EBITDA (2)	116,362	76,274	180,076	138,337
Inventory impairment loss and land option write-offs	565	81	664	1,958
Loss on extinguishment of debt	6,795	-	6,795	-
Adjusted EBITDA (3)	\$123,722	\$76,355	\$187,535	\$140,295
Interest incurred	\$33,872	\$41,870	\$66,655	\$83,327
Adjusted EBITDA to interest incurred	3.65	1.82	2.81	1.68

- (1) EBIT is a non-GAAP financial measure. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is net income. EBIT represents earnings before interest expense and income taxes.
- (2) EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is net income. EBITDA represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization.
- (3) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is net income. Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation, amortization, inventory impairment loss and land option write-offs and loss on extinguishment of debt.

Reconciliation of Inventory Turnover



Hovnanian Enterprises, Inc. April 30, 2022						
Calculation of Inventory Turnover ⁽¹⁾						
obtained an artist of the state						TTM
			For the quar	ter ended		ended
(Dollars in thousands)		7/31/2021	10/31/2021	1/31/2022	4/30/2022	4/30/2022
Cost of sales, excluding interest		\$521,868	\$612,156	\$427,917	\$503,682	\$2,065,623
	As of					
	4/30/2021	7/31/2021	10/31/2021	1/31/2022	4/30/2022	
Total inventories	\$1,256,873	\$1,313,345	\$1,254,260	\$1,413,388	\$1,492,167	Five
Less liabilities from inventory not owned, net of debt issuance costs	90,430	69,627	62,762	75,344	123,793	Quarter
Less capitalized interest	59,772	63,673	58,159	63,804	63,573	Average
Inventories less consolidated inventory not owned and capitalized interest plus liabilities from inventory not owned Inventory turnover	\$1,106,671	\$1,180,045	\$1,133,339	\$1,274,240	\$1,304,801	\$1,199,819 1.7x

⁽¹⁾ Derived by dividing cost of sales, excluding cost of sales interest, by the five-quarter average inventory, excluding liabilities from inventory not owned and capitalized interest. The Company's calculation of Inventory Turnover may be different than the calculation used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be affected.

Reconciliation of Inventory Turnover



October 31, 2021

Calculation of Inventory Turnover(1)

and the state of t			For the quart	er ended		TTM ended
(Dollars in thousands)		1/31/2021	4/30/2021	7/31/2021	10/31/2021	10/31/2021
Cost of sales, excluding interest		\$439,638	\$536,534 As of	\$521,868	\$612,156	\$2,110,196
	10/31/2020	1/31/2021	4/30/2021	7/31/2021	10/31/2021	
Total inventories	\$1,195,775	\$1,281,149	\$1,256,873	\$1,313,345	\$1,254,260	
						Five
Less liabilities from inventory not owned, net of debt issuance costs	131,204	119,432	90,430	69,627	62,762	Quarter
Less capitalized interest	65,010	65,327	59,772	63,673	58,159	Average
Inventories less capitalized interest and liabilities from inventory not owned	\$999,561	\$1,096,390	\$1,106,671	\$1,180,045	\$1,133,339	\$1,103,201
Inventory turnover						1.9x

October 31, 2020

Calculation of Inventory Turnover(1)

			For the quarte	er ended		TTM ended
(Dollars in thousands)		1/31/2020	4/30/2020	7/31/2020	10/31/2020	10/31/2020
Cost of sales, excluding interest		\$396,355	\$428,027	\$499,695	\$524,409	\$1,848,486
		200.000	As of	0		
	10/31/2019	1/31/2020	4/30/2020	7/31/2020	10/31/2020	
Total inventories	\$1,292,485	\$1,295,715	\$1,288,497	\$1,213,503	\$1,195,775	Five
Less liabilities from inventory not owned, net of debt issuance costs	141,033	152,235	144,536	144,922	131,204	Quarter
Less capitalized interest	71,264	67,879	67,744	63,998	65,010	Average
Inventories less capitalized interest and liabilities from inventory not				WARNING TO THE		DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF
owned	\$1,080,188	\$1,075,601	\$1,076,217	\$1,004,583	\$999,561	\$1,047,230
Inventory turnover						1.8x

⁽¹⁾ Derived by dividing cost of sales, excluding cost of sales interest, by the five-quarter average inventory, excluding liabilities from inventory not owned and capitalized interest. The Company's calculation of Inventory Turnover may be different than the calculation used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be affected.

Key credit and balance sheet metrics reconciliations



	October 31,			
	2021	2020	2019	
Nonrecourse mortgages secured by inventory, net of debt issuance costs	\$125,089	\$135,122	\$203,585	
Senior notes and credit facilities (net of discounts, premiums and debt issuance costs)	\$1,248,373	\$1,431,110	\$1,479,990	
Total debt	\$1,373,462	\$1,566,232	\$1,683,575	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$245,970	\$262,489	\$130,976	
Net debt	\$1.127.492	\$1,303,743	\$1,552,599	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$364,335	\$234,314	\$174,009	
Total debt to adjusted EBITDA	3.8	6.7	9.7	
Net debt to adjusted EBITDA	3.1	5.6	8.9	
Interest incurred	\$155,514	\$176,457	\$165,906	
Adjusted EBITDA to interest incurred	2.3	1.3	1.0	
Total debt	\$1,373,462	\$1,566,232	\$1,683,575	
Total equity (deficit)	\$175,384	\$(436,094)	\$(489,776)	
Total capitalization	\$1.548.846	\$1.130.138	\$1.193.799	
Debt to capitalization	88.68%	138.59%	141.0%	
Total inventory	\$1,254,260	\$1,195,775	\$1,292,485	
Consolidated inventory not owned	\$98,727	\$182,224	\$190,273	
Total inventory less inventory not owned	\$1.155.533	\$1.013.551	\$1.102.212 49	

